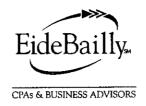
EXHIBIT C

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors **Expetec Corporation** Aberdeen, South Dakota

We have audited the balance sheets of Expetec Corporation (an S Corporation) as defined in Note 1, a wholly owned subsidiary of Jet Company, as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Expetec Corporation as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Aberdeen, South Dakota

Ed Saelly LLP

April 20, 2006

	2005	2004
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 21,127	\$ -
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits Current portion of notes payable	6,115	48,036
• •	229,254	239,886
Accounts payable	15,820	3,846
Accrued payroll taxes Accrued interest	1,542	161,627
Accrued interest Accrued salaries and vacation	7,558	3,681
Other accrued liabilities	7,550	11,120
Deferred revenue	56,243	90,808
Deferred revenue		70,000
Total current liabilities	337,659	559,004
LONG TERM LIABILITIES		
Related party long-term debt, net of unamortized discount	-	2,504,226
Notes payable, net of current portion	35,524	3,547
Tioles payable, het et eurent potten	35,524	2,507,773
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares:		
issued 506,419 and 561,219 shares for 2005 and 2004, respectively	5,065	5,613
Additional paid-in capital - common stock	4,575,744	258,057
Additional paid-in capital - warrants	•	551,038
Discount on common stock	(9,520)	(9,520)
2.000 a 0 20 20 20	4,571,289	805,188
Less: treasury stock (64,000 shares at cost)	(15,000)	(15,000)
•	4,556,289	790,188
Accumulated deficit	(4,366,759)	(2,390,862)
	189,530	(1,600,674)
	\$ 562,713	\$ 1,466,103

EXPETEC CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
REVENUE		
Franchise fees	\$ 245,319	\$ 510,806
Business management system fees	310,922	176,656
Marketing fees	187,279	405,635
Call center revenues	50,821	97,264
Royalty fees	138,889	139,398
Other	17,137	11,315
	950,367	1,341,074
Commissions charged against franchise fees	-	(11,580)
5 5	950,367	1,329,494
COST OF SALES	417,279	359,902
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Provision for bad debts	676,163	175,394
Depreciation expense	181,350	53,418
Amortization expense	22,999	12,838
Other operating expenses	1,096,214	1,336,996
Total operating expenses	1,976,726	1,578,646
NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(1,443,638)	(609,054)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	10,437	133,007
Interest expense	(538,589)	(539,305)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(4,107)	(1,417)
•	(532,259)	(407,715)
NET LOSS	\$ (1,975,897)	\$ (1,016,769)

EXPETEC CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	Common	Additi	Additional paid-in Capital	Discount on Common	Stock Subscription	Treasury	Accumulated	
	Stock	Stock	Warrants	Stock	Receivable	Stock	Deficit	Total
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2004	\$ 5,613	\$ 258,057	\$ 323,334	\$ (9,520)	+ 9	\$ (15,000)	\$ (1,374,093)	\$ (811,609)
Net loss	·	,	1	í	1	•	(1,016,769)	(1,016,769)
Discount on issuance of debt due to detachable warrant feature			227,704		,	•	1	227,704
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2004	5,613	258,057	551,038	(9,520)	•	(15,000)	(2,390,862)	(1,600,674)
Net loss		,	•	1	1	•	(1,975,897)	(1,975,897)
Debt converted to equity by Jet Company		3,766,101	i		1	•	•	3,766,101
Cancellation of warrants		- 551,038	(551,038)	-	1	•	•	•
Shares retired	(548)	3) 548	,	•	•	•	1	•
. BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2005	\$ 5,065	\$ 4,575,744	· &	\$ (9,520)	S	\$ (15,000)	\$ (4,366,759)	\$ 189,530

EXPETEC CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,975,897)	\$ (1,016,769)
Net loss	\$ (1,773,071)	\$ (1,010,702)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net		
cash used by operating activities:	181,350	53,418
Depreciation 6 at least a section	22,999	12,838
Amortization of other assets	198,373	252,430
Amortization of debt discount	676,163	175,394
Provision for bad debts	•	1,417
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	4,107	1,417
Accrued interest and late fees converted to paid in capital	410,324	-
Change in assets and liabilities:	(21.022)	412
Accounts receivable	(21,932)	
Notes receivable franchisees	24,453	(471,199)
Inventory	12,795	3,160
Prepaid expenses	(12,235)	(14,501)
Other receivables	12,376	(33,905)
Accounts payable	(10,632)	(3,189)
Accrued liabilities	6,273	135,959
Deferred revenue	(34,565)	(93,185)
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(506,048)	(997,720)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(5,145)	(332,844)
Website and database development costs	-	(1,000)
Purchase of trademark	(905)	(4,849)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	1,065	7,587
Payments on related party notes receivable		1,882
NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,985)	(329,224)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES .		
Increase in checks in excess of deposits	21,127	-
Payments on capital lease	-	(1,099)
Borrowings on notes payable	472,000	1,316,600
Principal payments on long-term borrowings	(53,393)	(245,871)
Finance costs	-	(21,000)
Additions to note payable for settlement agreement	63,000	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	502,734	1,048,630

		2005		2004
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(8,299)		(278,314)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		8,299		286,613
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR				8,299
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES ON CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid during the year for: Interest	<u>\$</u>	2,511	\$	137,668
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of plant, property and equipment by accounts payable Acquisition of trademark by accounts payable Financing fees included in accounts payable Discount on issuance of debt instrument related to warrants Debt and accrued interest converted to equity	\$	- - - - 3,766,101	\$	10,000 1,443 7,000 227,704

EXPETEC CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

NOTE 1 - PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principal Business Activity

Expetec Corporation's (the Company) principal business activity is as a franchisor that grants franchises for businesses that offer on-site and off-site computer and technology services, website design, repairs, and related products. Technicians work at franchise locations and travel to customer businesses and homes with some outlets also selling computers and accessories. The franchisees are authorized "Expetec Technology Services" franchise stores with territorial rights to communities consisting of 1,000 businesses. The franchises are sold for an initial franchise fee plus monthly fees for royalty and advertising.

Effective December 28, 2005, Jet Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with the previous owners of the Company and as such, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Jet Company. Upon completion of this transaction, the management of Jet Company converted the principal balance of long term debt and related accrued interest and late payment fees totaling \$3,766,101 (see Note 5) to equity.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term include the determination of the allowance for doubtful accounts and the estimated useful lives assigned to software.

During 2005, the Company modified its estimate of the remaining useful lives of certain software programs that as of May 2006 would no longer be in use. This change resulted in an increase in depreciation expense for 2005 of \$100,356.

Franchise Fees

Revenue from sales of individual franchises is recognized, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, when substantially all significant services to be provided to the franchisee have been performed. When a franchise is sold, the Company agrees to provide certain services to the franchisee including assistance in business location, training personnel, implementation of an accounting system and design of a quality control program. Deferred franchise fee revenue at December 31, 2005 and 2004 which was \$49,243 and \$64,695, respectively, represents the portion of total revenue from initial franchise sales attributable to services required to be provided by the Company that have not yet been performed. All of the franchise fee revenues included in the accompanying financial statements are from initial franchise fees. The Company sold 21 and 26 franchises during the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004, there were 51 franchise stores operating in 115 territories and 49 franchise stores operating in 133 territories, respectively.

Business Management System Fees

Business management system revenues are fees attributed to providing resources for new franchisees and are recognized as the individual franchise fees are recognized.

Marketing Fees

Revenue from sales of individual franchises includes an initial local marketing fee. For this initial fee, the Company provides local marketing for the individual franchisees for one year. The franchisee also has an option to purchase additional marketing at the end of a year. These fees are recognized as the Company incurs expenses related to the marketing efforts for these franchisees. Deferred marketing fee revenue, which was \$7,000 and \$26,113 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively, represents the portion of total marketing fee revenue from the initial fee attributable to marketing services required to be provided by the Company that has not yet been performed. The Company also has marketing fee revenues that are based on a percentage of each franchisee's service revenues and are recognized by the Company as franchisees are billed throughout the year.

Call Center Revenues

Revenues from the call center are recognized by the Company as franchisees or subcontractors complete dispatched service work and the respective warranty company is billed. In addition, amounts due to franchisees or subcontractors for warranty services performed are recognized by a charge to income upon completion of the service work.

Royalty Fees

Revenues from royalty fees are recognized based on the activity volume (both service work and inventory sales) of the respective franchisees.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all amounts held in checking, savings, money-market accounts and highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Credit Policies

Trade receivables are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. Notes receivable are stated at principal amounts plus accrued interest and are collateralized by inventory, equipment, receivables, intangibles and personal guarantees. Payments on notes receivable that are received after a 10 day grace period are assessed a delinquency fee of \$30 per month. Due to the uncertainty regarding collection, delinquency fees are recognized as income when received.

Trade receivables are stated at the amount billed to the customer less a valuation allowance. Customer account balances with invoices dated over 30 days old are considered delinquent. A note receivable is considered delinquent when the debtor has missed one payment. The Company does not place notes receivable on nonaccrual status; therefore, interest accrues on the note until the receivable is current. As of December 31, 2005 and 2004, notes receivable past due greater than 90 days and still accruing interest totaled \$0 and \$426,756, respectively. Accounts receivable greater than 90 days equaled \$29,655 and \$59,881 as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Payments of trade receivables are allocated to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid invoices. Payments of notes receivable are allocated first to delinquency fees, then accrued and unpaid interest with the remainder to the outstanding principal balance.

The carrying amount of trade and note receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management reviews all trade and note receivable balances that exceed 30 days from the scheduled payment date and based on an assessment of current creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. When management believes collectibility to be unlikely, accounts are charged against the allowance. In accordance with debt agreements through December 28, 2005, all trade and notes receivable served as collateral for the debt.

The changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	 2005	 2004
Balance, beginning of the year Provision for bad debts Charge-offs	\$ 261,418 676,163 (806,752)	\$ 120,235 175,394 (34,211)
Balance, end of year	\$ 130,829	\$ 261,418

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of business kits and is carried at the lower of cost or market computed on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Website and Database Development Costs

Website and database development costs are being amortized on the straight-line basis over three to fifteen years. Amortization expense for the years of 2006 and 2007 is estimated to be \$1,992 per year, 2008 to be \$803, and 2009 and 2010 to be \$209.

Trademarks

Costs associated with obtaining a trademark for Computer Doctor International, Inc., Expetec Franchise Systems, ITSAM, and InstantFX are being amortized on the straight-line basis over fifteen years. Amortization expense for the next five years is estimated to be \$2,014 per year.

Finance Fees

Finance fees are amortized on the straight line basis over the life of the loan.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized, whereas expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets retired or sold are removed from the appropriate asset and depreciation accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in income. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Leasehold improvements	39 years

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$146,010 and \$316,500 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Income Taxes

Expetec Corporation, with the consent of its shareholders, has elected to be taxed under sections of the federal income tax law, which provide that, in lieu of corporation income taxes, the shareholders separately account for the Company's items of income, deductions, losses and credits on their personal returns. As a result of this election, no income taxes have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company previously offered financing to new franchisees. These new franchisees were start-up companies with minimal collateral to secure the notes receivables (see Note 2). The maximum amount of loss due to credit risk is equal to the principal amount of the notes receivable and related accrued interest receivable.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2004 financial statements to conform to the 2005 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the results of operations.

NOTE 2 - NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM FRANCHISEES

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had 14 and 35 notes receivable from franchisees, respectively. Interest rates range from 10% to 18%. These notes receivable are from franchisees for the issuance of initial franchises which are secured by substantially all inventories, equipment, receivables and intangible assets held by the respective franchisee. The Company is not currently offering financing of new franchisees, which was discontinued during 2004. The financing program was voluntary. In 2005 and 2004, 0% and 75%, respectively of the new franchisees participated in the program.

Approximate long-term receivable maturities are as follows:

2006	\$ 64,232
2007	157,251
2008	164,281

NOTE 3 - RELATED PARTY NOTE RECEIVABLE

In 2003, the Company incurred settled a note payable and income tax liability for Fargo Properties, Inc., a related party, for a total of \$103,565, which was classified as a note receivable. As of December 31, 2004, the outstanding principal balance of this note receivable was \$101,683. During 2005, the remaining outstanding principal of this note was forgiven and charged to bad debt expense as part of a stock purchase agreement.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Company has the following notes payable as of December 31:

	 2005	 2004
Northeast Council of Governments, monthly payments of \$1,212 including interest at 8%, matured October 15, 2005, secured by corporate assets and personal guarantees. This note was refinanced on February 15, 2006. The monthly payment amount changed to \$884, including interest at 8%, and the maturity date was changed to February 15, 2008. At the time of refinancing, \$1,962 of outstanding accrued interest was added to the principal balance of the note	\$ 41,639	\$ 48,036
Notes paid during the current year	-	3,547
Less current portion	\$ 41,639 (6,115) 35,524	\$ 51,583 (51,583)

Approximate long-term debt maturities are as follows:

2006 2007 2008	\$ 6,115 7,895 27,629
	\$ 41,639

NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY LONG-TERM DEBT

On January 20, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with a related party, Jet Company, for a multiple advance loan for up to \$4,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company was to pay interest quarterly on the debt at 12% per annum. In addition, the agreement contained provisions for stock warrants (see Note 8). The agreement was set to mature on January 31, 2006.

Effective December 28, 2005, Jet Company entered into a stock purchase agreement whereby it became the 100% owner of Expetec Corporation. Upon completion of this transaction, the management of Jet Company converted the principal balance of long term debt owed them by Expetec in the amount of \$3,194,150 to equity. The management of Jet Company also converted the related accrued interest and late payment fees related to the long term debt in the amount of \$571,951 to equity. As such, the Company reflected the conversion of these related party payables as additional paid in capital as of December 28, 2005. Effective December 28, 2005, the management of Jet Company also cancelled the warrants that had been issued them by Expetec (see Note 8).

Interest expense on this related party debt totaled \$336,162 and \$531,380 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Financing fees charged by Jet Company in 2005 and 2004 were \$74,162 and \$28,000, respectively.

The total outstanding principal balance of this debt at December 31, 2004 was \$2,702,600 less a discount for the stock warrants of \$198,374 which made the carrying value of this long term debt \$2,504,226 as of December 31, 2004.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company leases certain office equipment under capital leases. The cost of the capitalized lease equipment was \$3,628 and accumulated amortization of the capitalized leased equipment at December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$2,479 and \$1,753, respectively. Amortization expense is included in depreciation expense. The lease expired in 2004.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY COMMITMENTS

During 2004, the Company entered into an occupancy agreement to assist in furnishing hotel accommodations for franchisees while attending training at the corporate offices. The entity with which this agreement is made is owned by an immediate family member of one of Jet Company's primary shareholders. The Company has exclusive use of 147 room nights per month of which the Company is required to pay for 105 room nights per month at a rate of \$75 per night. The total expense recorded under the terms of this agreement was \$98,389 and \$36,944. The agreement expires April 22, 2009. The minimum future rental commitment for the next five years is as follows:

\$ 450,765
 42,525
102,060
102,060
102,060
\$ 102,060
\$

NOTE 8 - WARRANTS

At December 31, 2004, the Company had outstanding warrants to issue shares of the Company's common stock upon redemption of the multiple advance note payable to Jet Company (see Note 5). At December 31, 2004, there were a total of 291,825 shares of common stock available under these warrants.

During 2005, Jet Company advanced \$467,000 to Expetec Corporation in accordance with the loan agreement between the two companies. Expetec Corporation did not issue the related warrants under the provision of the loan agreements related to these cash advances. Jet Company approved this modification to the loan agreement for 2005.

Effective December 28, 2005, the management of Jet Company cancelled the warrants that had been issued to them by Expetec Corporation. The value originally assigned to the warrants on the issue dates totaled \$551,038. The original balance of the warrants cancelled was recorded as additional paid in capital upon Jet Company becoming 100% owner of the Company.

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company received royalty fees of \$0 and \$1,882 from various companies that are controlled by certain stockholders of the Company. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had accounts receivable from an employee of \$2,449 and \$0, respectively. At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the Company had accounts payable to Jet Company and other companies owned by one of the primary shareholders of Jet Company and an immediate family member of this shareholder of \$128,430 and \$10,106, respectively.

Lease of Office Space

The Company has a seven-year lease agreement with one of the primary shareholders of Jet Company for its office facilities, which expires in April 2009.

The total minimum rental commitment at December 31, 2005 under the above lease is as follows:

2006	\$	51,920
2007		53,120
2008		54,320
2009		18,240_
	_\$	177,600

The total rent expense relating to this lease and included in the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 was \$37,177 and \$56,950, respectively.

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NOTE 10 - PERFORMANCE STOCK PLAN

During 2005, the Company established a non-qualified performance stock plan for directors, officers and select managers of Expetec. Under the plan, the Company awards performance shares that represent a percentage of Class A shares issued and outstanding. This percentage varies by plan participant and is capped by the participant's agreement. The performance shares are fictitious shares and do not grant shareholders rights. Compensation for performance shares are paid upon death or disability of the participant or upon sale of 100% of the Company's stock or assets. Compensation may also be paid over a five year period after termination.

As part of this agreement and concurrent with the acquisition of the Company by Jet Company, one of the primary stockholders of Jet Company retired his 54,800 shares of Expetec common stock in exchange for an interest in this performance stock plan. The par value of these retired shares was \$548.

As of December 31, 2005, the performance shares awarded and payable have a value of \$0. No compensation expense was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2005.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the Company entered into capital lease agreements for hardware and softwareand Service CEO Software. Total value of the hardware and software leased is \$200,847. The total minimum monthly payments required on these leases are \$6,289 for 36 months.

NOTE 12 - OPERATING LOSSES AND CASH POSITION

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, Expetec has incurred an operating loss the last two years. Operating losses were also incurred in 2003, 2002 and 2001 resulting in five years of operating losses. This created an uncertainty about Expetec's ability to continue as a going concern.

During 2005, Expetec came under new ownership (see Note 5) and new management. The new owners had previously financed the operations of Expetec so upon assumption of Expetec, debt, accrued interest and late fees totaling \$3,766,101 previously owed to the new owners was converted to paid in capital resulting in a positive equity of \$189,529 at December 31, 2005. The new owners have the capacity and the intent to continue funding Expetec operations until positive earnings are achieved. Between the takeover and December 28, 2005, an additional \$472,000 of cash advances were made to the company that were later converted to equity (see Note 5). As of March 31, 2006, additional capital contributions of \$325,000 have been provided to the Company in 2006 from Jet Company.

New management with an average of over 25 years of business experience has also been put in place. A new business plan is being put in place that includes a new franchise model, new and more stringent financial requirements to qualify a new franchisee, new systems to enable franchisor much improved monitoring and support of franchisees and much improved support and training for franchisees.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The new business model includes a change to technology product sales resulting in residual income and fewer competitors compared to the old model of one time revenues and a full field of competitors. The new model also includes a simplified royalty structure making compliance much easier for franchisees.

The ability of Expetec to continue as a going concern is based on the ability of the new ownership and management to carry out its plan and generate revenues in excess of expenses or to obtain additional financial support from Jet Company. No adjustments have been made to the accompanying financial statements as a result of this contingency.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors **Expetec Corporation**Aberdeen, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of **Expetec Corporation** as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Expetec Corporation** as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit of Expetec Corporation was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic statements taken as a whole. The pro forma balance sheet on page 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Aberdeen, South Dakota

Esde Saelly LLP

April 7, 2005

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003 (AUDITED) DECEMBER 31, 2004 PRO FORMA (UNAUDITED)

	2004 Pro Forn (Unaudite		2004 (Audited)		2003 Audited)
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, (net of allowance for	\$ 8,	299	\$ 8,299	\$	286.613
doubtful accounts of \$20.250 and \$23.867 for 2004 and 2003, respectively) Accounts receivable, related party	65,0	095 -	65,095		57.178 8.325
Current portion of notes receivable from franchisees (net of allowance of \$58,001 and \$67,753 for 2004 and 2003, respectively). Current portion notes receivable, related party.		569	196,046 11,569		356.455 11,107
Inventory Prepaid expenses Other receivables	25.(14.: 37	501	25,020 14,501 37,370		28,180 - 11,790
Total current assets	357,9	900	357,900		759,648
OTHER ASSETS Notes receivable from franchisees, less current portion (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$183,167 and \$28.615 for 2004 and 2003, respectively) Related party notes receivable, less current portion Website and database development costs, (net of accumulated	619, 90,		619,108 90,114		154.573 92.458
amortization of \$31,160 and \$29,101 for 2004 and 2003, respectively) Trademarks, (net of accumulated amortization of \$6,465	10,3	290	10,290		11.349
and \$4.750 for 2004 and 2003, respectively) Finance fees (net of accumulated amortization of \$9.064	22,8		22.833		18.256
and \$0 for 2004 and 2003, respectively) Deposits	761,-	160	18,936 160 761,441		160 276,796
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT					
Furniture and fixtures Vehicles Leasehold improvements	475, 16, 6,- 497,	131 419	475,106 16,131 6,419 497,656		158.236 21.911 2.116 182.263
Less accumulated depreciation	150,8	894	150,894 346,762		99.554 82,709
	\$ 1,466,	103	\$ 1,466,103	<u>s</u>	1,119,153

		2004 ro Forma naudited)	(2004 Audited)	 2003 Audited)
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Current portion of notes payable	S	51,583	\$	51,583	\$ 61,954
Accounts payable		239,886		239,886	238.416
Accrued payroll taxes		3,846		3,846	4.918
Accrued interest		226		161,627	12,420
Accrued salaries		3,681		3,681	26,977
Other accrued liabilities		11,120		11,120	-
Deferred revenue		90,808		90,808	183,993
Current portion of capital lease		-		-	 1,099
Total current liabilities		401,150		562,551	 529.777
LONG TERM LIABILITIES					
Related party-long-term debt, net of unamortized discount		_		2,504,226	1,398,400
Notes payable, net of current portion		-			2,585
				2,504,226	 1,400.985
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)					
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares:					
issued 561.219 shares for 2004 and 2003, respectively		5,613		5,613	5.613
Preferred stock		3,000,000		•	-
Additional paid-in capital - common stock		258,057		258,057	258,057
Additional paid-in capital - warrants		216,665		551,038	323,334
Discount on common stock		(9,520)		(9,520)	 (9.520)
A contract of		3,470,815		805,188	577.484
Less: treasury stock (64,000 shares at cost)		(15,000)		(15,000)	 (15,000)
1.1:0:		3,455,815		790,188	562.484
Accumulated deficit		$\frac{(2,390,862)}{1.064.053}$		(2,390,862)	 (1.374.093)
		1,064,953		(1,600,674)	 (811,609)

EXPETEC CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

•	2004	2003
REVENUE		
Franchise fees	\$ 510,806	\$ 314,654
Business management system fees	165,309	213.589
Local marketing fees	312,922	156,167
Call center revenues	97,264	264,808
Royalty fees	139,398	165.369
Marketing fees	92,713	71.091
Other	34,378	3,857
	1,352,790	1.189,535
Commissions charged against franchise fees	(11,580)	(5,402)
	1,341,210	1,184,133
COST OF SALES	359,902	493.686
OPERATING EXPENSES	1,578,646	1,273,003
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(597,338)	(582,556)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	121,291	30.025
Interest expense	(539,305)	(215.555)
Forgiveness of debt	-	134,886
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(1,417)	-
	(419,431)	(50,644)
NET LOSS	\$ (1,016,769)	\$ (633,200)

EXPETEC CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

	2004	2003
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (1,016,769)	\$ (633.200)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net		
cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation	53,418	25,538
Amortization of other assets	12,838	11.038
Amortization of debt discount	252,430	100,234
Provision for bad debts	175,394	166,671
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,417	_
Rent in lieu of stock subscription	-	67,320
Forgiveness of debt	-	(134,251)
Capitalized interest on notes payable	-	9,540
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	412	19,182
Notes receivable franchisees	(471,199)	(589,758)
Inventory	3,160	(15.685)
Prepaid expenses	(14,501)	-
Other receivables	(33,905)	(9,921)
Accounts payable	(3,189)	(122,860)
Franchise fee refunds payable	-	(4.508)
Accrued liabilities	135,959	(19,590)
Deferred revenue	(93,185)	143,993
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(997,720)	(986.257)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(332,844)	(29,208)
Website and database development costs	(1,000)	(12.048)
Purchase of trademark	(4,849)	(13,164)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	7,587	
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(331,106)	(54,420)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on capital lease	(1,099)	(1,805)
Borrowings on notes payable	1,316,600	1,607,500
Principal payments on long-term borrowings	(245,871)	(275,987)
Finance costs	(21,000)	-
Payments on related party notes receivable	1,882	
Purchase of treasury stock		(15.000)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,050,512	1,314.708

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - page 2

		2004		2003
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(278,314)		274,031
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		286,613		12,582
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	8,299	<u>\$</u>	286.613
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES ON CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash paid during the year for: Interest	\$	137,668	\$	93.672
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of plant, property and equipment by accounts payable Acquisition of trademark by accounts payable Financing fees included in accounts payable Discount on issuance of debt instrument related to warrants Note receivable issued upon assumption of related party debt	\$	10,000 1,443 7,000 227,704	\$	13.784 - - 323.334 103.565

EXPETEC CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

NOTE 1 - PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principal Business Activity

Expetec Corporation's (the Company) principal business activity is as a franchisor that grants franchises for businesses that offer on-site and off-site computer and technology services, repairs, and related products. Technicians work at franchise locations and travel to customer businesses and homes with some outlets also selling computers and accessories. The franchisees are authorized "Expetec Technology Services" franchise stores with territorial rights to communities consisting of 1,000 businesses. The franchises are sold for an initial franchise fee plus monthly fees for royalty and advertising.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A material estimate that is particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relates to the determination of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Franchise Fees

Revenue from sales of individual franchises is recognized, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, when substantially all significant services to be provided to the franchisee have been performed. When a franchise is sold, the Company agrees to provide certain services to the franchisee including assistance in business location, training personnel, implementation of an accounting system and design of a quality control program. Deferred franchise fee revenue at December 31, 2004 and 2003 which was \$64,695 and \$92,160, respectively, represents the portion of total revenue from initial franchise sales attributable to services required to be provided by the Company that have not yet been performed. All of the franchise fee revenues included in the accompanying financial statements are from initial franchise fees. The Company sold 26 and 16 franchises during the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, there were 49 franchise stores operating in 133 territories and 52 franchise stores operating in 153 territories, respectively.

Local Marketing Fees

Revenue from sales of individual franchises includes an initial local marketing fee. For this initial fee, the Company provides local marketing for the individual franchisees for one year. The franchisee also has an option to purchase additional marketing at the end of a year. These fees are recognized as the Company incurs expenses related to the marketing efforts for these franchisees. Deferred marketing fee revenue, which was \$26,113 and \$91.833 at December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively, represents the portion of total marketing fee revenue from the initial fee attributable to marketing services required to be provided by the Company that has not yet been performed.

Business Management System Fees

Business management system revenues are fees attributed to providing resources for new franchisees and are recognized as the individual franchise fees are recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Marketing Fees

The Company also has marketing fee revenues that are based on a percentage of each franchisee's service revenues and are recognized by the Company as franchisees are billed throughout the year.

Call Center Revenue

Revenues from the call center are recognized by the Company as franchisees or subcontractors complete dispatched service work and the respective warranty company is billed. In addition, amounts due to franchisees or subcontractors for warranty services performed are recognized by a charge to income upon completion of the service work.

Royalty Fees

Revenues from royalty fees are recognized based on the activity volume (both service work and inventory sales) of the respective franchisees.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all amounts held in checking, savings, money-market accounts and highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash.

Receivables and Credit Policies

Trade receivables are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. Notes receivable are stated at principal amounts plus accrued interest and are collateralized by inventory, equipment, receivables, intangibles and personal guarantees. Payments on notes receivable that are received after a 10 day grace period are assessed a delinquency fee of \$30 per month. Due to the uncertainty regarding collection, delinquency fees are recognized as income when received.

Trade receivables are stated at the amount billed to the customer less a valuation allowance. Customer account balances with invoices dated over 30 days old are considered delinquent. A note receivable is considered delinquent when the debtor has missed one payment. The Company does not place notes receivable on nonaccrual status; therefore, interest accrues on the note until the receivable is current. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, notes receivable past due greater than 90 days and still accruing interest totaled \$426.756 and \$26.110, respectively. Accounts receivable greater than 90 days equaled \$59,881 and \$56,645 as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Payments of trade receivables are allocated to the specific invoices identified on the customer's remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid invoices. Payments of notes receivable are allocated first to delinquency fees, then accrued and unpaid interest with the remainder to the outstanding principal balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The carrying amount of trade and note receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management reviews all trade and note receivable balances that exceed 30 days from the scheduled payment date and based on an assessment of current creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. When management believes collectibility to be unlikely, accounts are charged against the allowance. In accordance with debt agreements, all trade and notes receivable serve as collateral for the debt.

The change in the allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows:

	 2004	 2003
Balance, beginning of the year Provision for bad debts Charge-offs	\$ 120,235 175,394 (34,211)	\$ 20,000 166,671 (66,436)
Balance, end of year	\$ 261,418	\$ 120,235

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of business kits and is carried at the lower of cost or market computed on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Website and Database Development Costs

Website and database development costs are being amortized on the straight-line basis over three to fifteen years. Amortization expense for the years of 2005, 2006, and 2007 will be \$2,059 per year. Amortization expense for 2008 will be \$1,360 and \$67 for 2009.

Trademarks

Costs associated with obtaining a trademark for Computer Doctor International, Inc. and Expetec Franchise Systems are being amortized on the straight-line basis over fifteen years. Amortization expense for the next five years will be \$1,953 per year.

Finance Fees

Finance fees are being amortized on the straight line basis over the life of the loan. Amortization expense for 2005 will be \$17,480 and \$1,457 for 2006.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized, whereas expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets retired or sold are removed from the appropriate asset and depreciation accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in income. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	<u>Useful Life</u>
Furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Vehicles	5 years
Leasehold improvements	39 years

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising expense was \$316,499 and \$125,626 for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Income Taxes

Expetec Corporation, with the consent of its shareholders, has elected to be taxed under sections of the federal income tax law, which provide that, in lieu of corporation income taxes, the shareholders separately account for the Company's items of income, deductions, losses and credits on their personal returns. As a result of this election, no income taxes have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company previously offered financing to 100% of new franchisees. These new franchisees are start-up companies with minimal collateral to secure the notes receivables (see Note 2). The maximum amount of loss due to credit risk is equal to the principal amount of the notes receivable and related accrued interest receivable.

NOTE 2 - NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM FRANCHISEES

At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company had 35 and 28 notes receivable from franchisees, respectively. Interest rates range from 6% to 19%. These notes receivable are from franchisees for the issuance of initial franchises which are secured by substantially all inventory, equipment, receivables and intangible assets held by the respective franchisee. The Company is not currently offering financing of new franchisees, which was discontinued during 2004. The financing program was voluntary. In 2004 and 2003, 75% and 100%, respectively of the new franchisees participated in the program. Of those, 11% and 12% for 2004 and 2003, respectively, secured financing from conventional sources and paid off their loan with the Company.

Approximate long-term receivable maturities are as follows:

2005	\$ 254,047
2006	643,232
2007	32,029
2008	21,013
2009	17,978
Thereafter	88,024

NOTE 3 - RELATED PARTY NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Company settled a note payable for Fargo Properties, Inc., a related party, for \$63,450 (see Note 4) during 2003. The Company also settled an Internal Revenue payroll tax liability for \$40,115 during 2003 for Fargo Properties, Inc. For consideration given, the Company has notes receivable from this related party for \$101,684 and \$103,565 as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The related party is required to pay monthly payments until October 17, 2008. Accrued interest and interest income from this related party was \$0 and \$5,025 as of and for years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Fargo Properties. Inc. is a related party through common majority stockholder ownership. Maturities related to these notes are scheduled as follows:

2005	\$ 11,569
2006	6,000
2007	6.000
2008	78,115

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Company has the following notes payable as of December 31:

		2004	 2003
Northeast Council of Governments, monthly payments of \$1,212 including interest at 8%, matures October 15, 2005, secured by corporate assets and personal guarantees.		48,036	\$ 58.273
North Western, monthly payments of \$322, interest at 13%, maturing 10/19/2005, secured by phone system.		3,547	6,266
Less current portion		51,583 (51,583)	 64,539 (61,954)
	\$	_	\$ 2,585

During 2003, the Company satisfied their note payable and accrued interest with First State Bank of Warner for \$166,549, resulting in debt forgiveness of \$134,251. As part of the agreement, the Company settled the note payable for Fargo Properties, Inc., a related company, for \$63,450. The Company issued a note receivable from Fargo Properties for \$63,450 for the amount paid on its behalf as mentioned in Note 3.

NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY LONG-TERM DEBT

	2004	2003
Jet Company, Inc., quarterly interest only payments at 12% maximum borrowings of \$4,000,000, due January 31, 2006	\$ 2,702,600	\$ 1.607,500
Shareholder note payable, interest only payments at 6%		14,000
Less discount (net of accumulated amortization of \$352,634 and \$100,234 for 2004 and 2003, respectively.)	(198,374)	(223,100)
	\$ 2,504,226	\$ 1,398,400

Approximate long-term debt maturities are as follows:

2005	\$ -
2006	2,702,600

On January 20, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with a related party. Jet Company, Inc. (Jet), a South Dakota corporation, for a multiple advance loan for up to \$4,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company shall pay interest quarterly on the debt at 12% per annum. In addition, the agreement contains provisions for stock warrants (see Note 8). A portion of the proceeds of the multiple advance loan was assigned to the warrant feature of \$551,038 and \$323,334 as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The discount is being amortized to interest expense over the term of the loan. Amortization related to the warrant feature equaled \$252,430 and \$100,234 for years ending December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The agreement matures on January 31, 2006 at which time Jet can demand payment of the loan, or upon resolution of the board of directors of Jet, can release or forgive the loan. Upon payment in full, release or forgiveness, Jet has the option of exercising the warrants, at which time the Company shall issue common stock to Jet in accordance with the terms of the warrant agreement. The agreement contains certain covenant provisions that allow for Jet to accelerate the maturity date of the loan and warrants prior to January 31, 2006. The covenant provisions require working capital to be not less than \$250,000 at any time the warrants are outstanding, monthly financial statements to be provided to Jet in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and financial statements as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 to be in SEC format. The Company is in default with their loan agreements due to not preparing monthly GAAP basis financial statements, working capital being less than \$250,000 and not providing audited financial statements in SEC format. Jet has waived these covenants and requirements for the years ending December 31, 2004 and 2003.

Interest expense on related party debt, including amortization of the discount, totaled \$531,380 and \$199.605 for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Financing fees charged by Jet in 2004 and 2003 were \$28,000 and \$0, respectively

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company leases certain office equipment under capital leases. The cost of the capitalized lease equipment was \$3,628 and accumulated amortization of the capitalized leased equipment at December 31, 2004 and 2003 was \$1,753 and \$1,028, respectively. Amortization expense is included in depreciation expense. The lease expired in 2004, therefore requiring no future lease payments.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS

The Company entered into an occupancy agreement during 2004 to assist in furnishing hotel accommodations for franchisees while attending training at the corporate offices. The Company has exclusive use of 147 room nights per month of which the Company is required to pay for 105 room nights per month at a rate of \$75 per night. Occupancy fees paid for the year ended December 31, 2004 was \$36,944. The agreement expires April 22, 2009 and the minimum future rental commitment for the 2005 to 2008 is \$94,500 and \$39,375 for 2009.

NOTE 8 - OUTSTANDING WARRANTS

At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company had outstanding warrants to issue shares of the Company's common stock upon redemption of the multiple advance note payable to Jet (Note 5.) The warrants become exercisable on January 1, 2006, or sooner as provided by the agreement and expire March 1, 2006. If the entire \$4,000,000 is advanced under the agreement, the number of shares that will be issued will result in Jet and its owners having a combined ownership of 49% of the then issued and outstanding shares of the Company. If less than \$4,000,000 is advanced under the agreement, the number of shares issued shall be the pro-rata result of the actual advances divided by the original agreement of \$4,000,000 to determine the actual percentage that shall be issued. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, based on advances of \$2,702,600 and \$1,607,500, respectively, from Jet, 291,825 and 173,577 shares of common stock were respectively reserved for that purpose.

NOTE 9 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company paid \$0 and \$23,543, respectively, to Fargo Properties, Inc. for call center cost of goods sold.

During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company received royalty fees of \$1,882 and \$0 from various companies that are controlled by certain stockholders of the Company. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company had accounts receivable from a related party of \$0 and \$8,325, respectively. At December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company had accounts payable to related parties of \$10,106 and \$0, respectively.

Lease of Office Space

The Company has a seven-year lease agreement with a shareholder for its office facilities, which expires in April 2009. The Company entered into a stock in lieu of rent agreement for fifteen months of the lease in which the landlord received shares of stock in lieu of rent income (see Note 10). Therefore, the lease obligation for 2003 was settled with stock instead of cash. The Company was engaged in a consulting agreement with this shareholder that expired December 31, 2003. Consulting fees for the year ended December 31, 2003 was \$9,000.

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The total minimum rental commitment at December 31, 2004 under the above lease is as follows:

2005	\$ 54,980
2006	56,280
2007	57,580
2008	58,880
2009	 18,240
	\$ 245,960_

The total rent expense included in the statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 was \$56,950 and \$67,320, respectively.

NOTE 10 - STOCK IN LIEU OF RENT

During the year ended December 31, 2002, the Company entered into an agreement in which 28,061 shares of common stock would be issued in lieu of fifteen months of rent at a value of \$84,150. The stock was issued in January 2003. Three months of rent was expensed in 2002 in the amount of \$16,830 and a stock subscription receivable of \$67,320 was recorded at December 31, 2002, for the rent that was expensed in 2003.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the Company's outstanding note balance with Jet (see Note 5) had increased to \$2,770.150.

NOTE 12 - PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

The pro forma balance sheet is presented to show the direct and significant effects on historical information had a pending transaction occurred prior to December 31, 2004. Subsequent to year end, the Company and Jet are in the process of restructuring their note payable agreement in that the Company will convert the debt to equity by issuing Jet one share of \$3,000,000 preferred stock. Dividends will accrue at 12% per annum and will be paid quarterly. At the Company's option, the preferred stock can be redeemed and the Company shall issue common stock to Jet which the number of shares issued shall represent no less than ten (10) percent of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company. This transaction, once completed, will eliminate the long term note and related interest payable to Jet (see Note 5), reduce the additional paid in capital - warrants (see Note 8) and add preferred stock. In addition, the transaction, once completed, will revoke the Company's Subchapter S election, which provides that, in lieu of corporation income taxes, the shareholders separately account for the Company's items of income, deductions, losses and credits on their personal returns. As a result the Company will then pay taxes at the corporate level. Due to previous losses, no tax liability or deferred taxes have been recognized in the accompanying pro-forma balance sheet. Because the transaction will occur between related parties, no gain will be recorded on the restructuring. The pro-forma balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the related historical information and the pro forma balance sheet is not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been attained if the transaction or event had actually taken place during the period depicted.